

Genesee Valley Pond & Koi Club Newsletter

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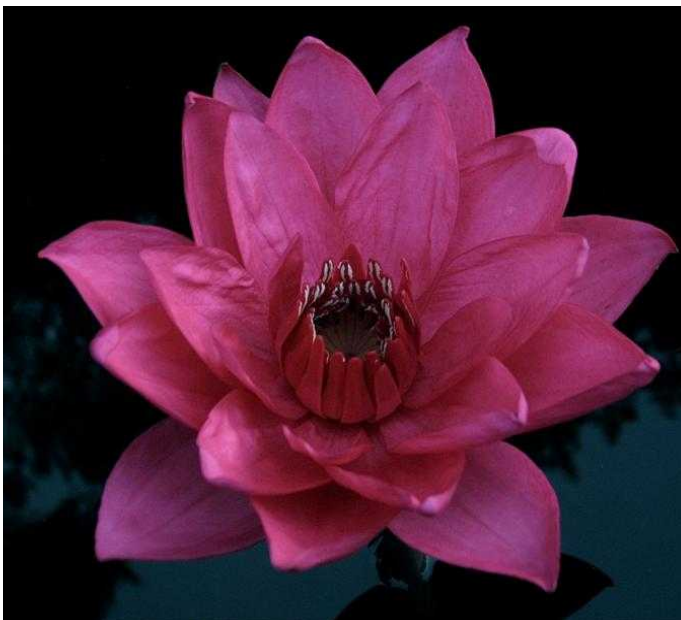
IWGS 2010 Contest Winners



Nymphaea 'Wanvisa'
Best Overall Waterlily



Nymphaea 'Bimini Twist'
Best New Tropical



Nymphaea 'Maeploi.'
Best New Tropical Night-Blooming



Nymphaea 'Siam Pink'
Best New Intersubgeneric

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“News From Norm”

Renewal Time

If we have not received your renewal yet, a renewal form is attached. The end of 2010 brings the start of 2011 and another year for the club. We hope you've had a fun and educational time as members of the club and will renew your membership for another year. If you received a complimentary membership for hosting a pond tour stop last year, we hope you will consider joining the club. On your renewal forms, please make note of any areas of interest that you'd like the club to cover in 2011 during our meetings or in this newsletter. This really helps us plan for presentations that meet your needs. □



Bog Presentation

Larry Hursh, with a little help from me, put together a presentation on Bog Gardens for the Henrietta Garden Club. We presented it on Wednesday, January 19th. It was well received, and there were lots of questions following the program. Be sure to come to our February meeting, when Larry will be presenting “Bog Gardens” to our group. □



IWGS 2010 Contest Winners

The Nymphaea ‘**Wanvisa**’ by N. Nopchai Chansilpa of Thailand was the first hardy waterlily to be

awarded Best New Waterlily by the International Waterlily and Water Gardening Society (IWGS). This hardy waterlily is unique in that it boasts variegated pink and white petals, a rare occurrence for tropical waterlilies and never seen in hardy lilies until the presentation of the Wanvisa. The Wanvisa will enter the retail market around spring of 2012.

Nymphaea ‘**Bimini Twist**’ by Florida Aquatic Nurseries takes two honors from IWGS, the Best New Tropical Waterlily for 2010 and also is the Second Best Overall Waterlily. ‘Bimini Twist’ has a purple flower and strikingly mottled pads and amazingly full flowers. A high petal count is accentuated by the large number of petaloid stamens in the center of the flower. The pads are a lime green base color enhanced by deep merlot patches running through the waterlily pad.

Nymphaea ‘**Maeploi**.’ by Sompon Janjungerm, Thailand got the IWGS Best New Tropical Night-Blooming Waterlily.

Nymphaea ‘**Siam Pink**’ from Pairat Songpanich, Thailand was the winner of IWGS Best New Intersubgeneric Waterlily. The Intersubgeneric is new category of lilies this year. It is the result from cross-pollination of a hardy variety and a tropical.

A panel of 12 judges from various backgrounds and countries reviewed photographs of the entries in early September to make their decision. The waterlilies were grown out at The Sarah P. Duke Gardens in Durham, NC. The competition

began in 1997 to promote interest in hybridizing new colors, shapes and sizes of hardy and tropical waterlilies. Foliage also plays a role in the final selection of the winners.

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“DO NOT SELL LIST” for Long Island

In June 2007, Suffolk and Nassau Counties passed Local Law 22-2007 as part of their long-term plans to prevent further infestations of invasive plants in natural areas on Long Island. The law prohibits the sale, introduction, and propagation of 63 invasive and nonnative plants. Several of the plants listed are ones that we may already have in our water gardens, like yellow iris (*Iris pseudacorus*), pink lotus (*Nelumbo nucifera*), parrot feather (*Myriophyllum aquaticum*), and waterchestnut (*Trapa natans*). The prohibition went into effect in January 2009 for most species. The aquatic forget-me-not and honeysuckles are prohibited beginning January 2011.

Each county advisory board will periodically review additional invasive species, and revisions to the “Do Not Sell” list may be made.

The “Do Not Sell” list was developed by The Nature Conservancy in New York and the Brooklyn Botanic Garden in 2008, and was produced with a ranking system designed to assess the invasive nature of non-native plant species.

The two counties have also come

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Invasive Species “Do Not Sell” List

Suffolk and Nassau Counties

Amur honeysuckle <i>Lonicera maackii</i>	largeflower primrose-willow <i>Ludwigia grandiflora</i>
autumn olive <i>Elaeagnus umbellata</i>	leafy spurge <i>Euphorbia esula</i>
beach vitex, roundleaf chastetree <i>Vitex rotundifolia</i>	lesser celandine <i>Ranunculus ficaria</i>
Bell’s honeysuckle <i>Lonicera x bella</i>	marine “killer algae” <i>Caulerpa taxifolia</i>
black swallow-wort <i>Cynanchum louiseae</i>	mile-a-minute vine <i>Polygonum perfoliatum</i>
border privet <i>Ligustrum obtusifolium</i>	Morrow’s honeysuckle <i>Lonicera morrowii</i>
Brazilian waterweed <i>Egaria densa</i>	mudmat <i>Glossostigma diandrum</i>
Canada thistle <i>Cirsium arvense</i>	mugwort, common wormwood <i>Artemisia vulgaris</i>
Carolina fanwort <i>Cabomba caroliniana</i>	multiflora rose <i>Rosa multiflora</i>
Chinese lespedeza <i>Lespedeza cuneata</i>	narrowleaf bittercress <i>Cardamine impatiens</i>
common buckthorn <i>Rhamnus cathartica</i>	Oriental bittersweet <i>Celastrus orbiculatus</i>
common reed (nonnative genotype) <i>Phragmites australis</i>	ornamental jewelweed <i>Impatiens glandulifera</i>
cottonweed <i>Froelichia gracilis</i>	pale swallow-wort <i>Cynanchum rossicum</i>
cup plant <i>Silphium perfoliatum</i>	parrotfeather, Brazilian watermilfoil <i>Myriophyllum aquaticum</i>
cypress spurge <i>Euphorbia cyparissias</i>	pink lotus, sacred lotus <i>Nelumbo nucifera</i>
dames rocket <i>Hesperis matronalis</i>	porcelainberry <i>Ampelopsis brevipedunculata</i>
dwarf honeysuckle, fly honeysuckle <i>Lonicera xylosteum</i>	Potamogenton crispus curly-leaf pondweed
eurasian watermilfoil <i>Myriophyllum spicatum</i>	princess tree <i>Paulownia tomentosa</i>
European frogbit (aquatic) <i>Hydrocharis morsus-ranae</i>	Pueraria montana kudzu
floating primrose-willow, water purslane <i>Ludwigia pepiodes</i>	purple loosestrife <i>Lythrum salicaria</i>
forget-me-not (aquatic) <i>Myosotis scorpiodes</i>	reed canary grass <i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>
garlic mustard <i>Alliaria petiolata</i>	Russian olive <i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i>
giant hogweed <i>Heracleum mantegazzianum</i>	sea poppy, yellow horned poppy <i>Glaucium flavum</i>
giant knotweed <i>Polygonum sachalinense</i>	spotted knapweed <i>Centaurea stoebe</i>
giant salvinia <i>Salvinia molesta</i>	tall pepperweed, perennial pepperweed <i>Lepidium latifolium</i>
hydrilla, water thyme <i>Hydrilla verticillata</i>	tansy ragwort, stinking willie <i>Senecio jacobaea</i>
Japanese angelica tree <i>Aralia elata</i>	Tartarian honeysuckle <i>Lonicera tatarica</i>
Japanese honeysuckle <i>Lonicera japonica</i>	water chestnut <i>Trapa natans</i>
Japanese hops <i>Humulus japonicus</i>	water nymph <i>Najas minor eutrophic</i>
Japanese knotweed <i>Polygonum cuspidatum</i>	wild chervil <i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i>
Japanese stilt grass <i>Microstegium vimineum</i>	wineberry <i>Rubus phoenicolasius</i>
	yellow floating heart <i>Nymphoides peltata</i>

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up with a list of alternatives to some of the more common ornamental invasive plants.

This is the first area in New York State to pass a “Do Not Sell List” and will probably not be the last.

There are several things that we can do to help keep these lists to a minimum. First, we must do everything in our power to make sure that our plants and/or fish do not get released into the wild, either on purpose, or by mistake. Second, we must educate others so that they understand the problems caused by releasing their plants and/or fish into the wild. We can also help by planting ornamental native plants - or non-native, non-invasive ornamental plants, of which there are many great selections.

The following are web links that have additional information:

Nassau & Suffolk County
Invasive Species Legislation:
<http://nyis.info/LIISMA/Legislation.aspx>

Non-Native Plant Species
Invasiveness Assessment:
http://nyis.info/Resources/IS_Risk_Assessment.aspx

Do-Not-Sell-List

[http://www.co.suffolk.ny.us/upload/environment%20and%20energy/2010%20list%20\(both\).pdf](http://www.co.suffolk.ny.us/upload/environment%20and%20energy/2010%20list%20(both).pdf)

Alternatives to Ornamental
Invasive Plants:
<http://ccesuffolk.org/assets/galleries/Agriculture/Commercial-Nursery-and-Landscape-Management/Presentation-Handouts/10-09-FINALBrochure-List-of-Alternatives.pdf>

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Pond Thermometer

As I look out our kitchen window at our pond, I can almost tell the temperature of the air by just looking at the size of the hole in the ice that is being kept open by the air stone. As I am writing this in the morning, the outside temperature is -5 degrees Fahrenheit, and the pond hole has frozen over. So I am going to have to go out and open it up. I currently use a long handled four-tine cultivator. If there is even a small hole, I will insert one of the tines into the hole and pry up to break off pieces of the ice. I will keep doing this until I have increased the size of the hole. If there is no hole at all in the ice, I will use a large spade bit in my drill and slowly drill a hole in the ice. Then I will proceed, using my cultivator. I hope that all of you are able to keep your ponds open through this cold snap..

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If you would like to write an article for the newsletter or have an idea you would like to have researched, please send your article or your ideas to Norm James at gvpakc@rochester.rr.com

If your mailing address or email change or you would like to receive your newsletter via email, please send your change to: newsletter@gvpakc.org, or call Norm James at 334-3536.

Genesee Valley Pond & Koi Club
140 Winslow Ave,
Rochester NY 14620

Board Members 2011

President: Bob Wheeler
Vice President: Larry Hursh
Secretary: Open
Treasurer: Les Saiers
Pond Tour Chairperson: Les Saiers & Norm James
Refreshments: Yvonne Wheeler
Newsletter Editors: N James, B Wheeler and L Hursh,
Webmaster: Norm James - gvpakc@rochester.rr.com

Purpose of the Club

- To promote, create and enlarge the hobby of keeping, breeding, appreciating and exhibiting koi and goldfish.
- To promote and appreciate the hobby of water gardening.
- To disseminate information about koi, goldfish and water gardening.
- To socialize and have fun.

We meet in a very friendly atmosphere at 7:00 pm, the first Friday of every month, at the Rochester Civic Garden Center (the Castle), 5 Castle Park, off Reservoir Ave., in Highland Park. Parking is free. Anyone interested in water gardening and/or Koi is welcome to join us. We ask that you consider joining the club after your third visit.

For more information call Bob Wheeler. (585) 461-5315 or e-mail BobWheeler58@gmail.com or visit the club website at <http://www.gvpakc.org>

Calendar of Events

February 4 2011, Meeting: Friday 7PM, GVPAKC meeting at Warner Castle. Our speaker will be: Larry Hursh: Bog Garden Presentation.

March 4 2011, Meeting: Friday 7PM, GVPAKC meeting at Warner Castle. Our speaker will be: Joe Cummingson Water Gardens by JC

April 1 2011, Meeting: Friday 7PM, GVPAKC meeting at Warner Castle. Our speaker will be: Larry Nau on his Trip to China

May 6 2011, Meeting: Friday 7PM, GVPAKC meeting at Warner Castle.

“Naturally Green” - A live gardening show every Saturday from **9-10 am** on **WYSL 1040 AM**.